



Revision: 09/03/2021

[_] Industrial [X] Professional [X] Consumers

Version: 5 Revision: 09/03/2021 Previous revision: 31/08/2015 Date of printing: 09/03/2021

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: SANEART S Code: 06093M

1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST:

Intended uses (main technical functions):

Cleaner for walls and facades.

Sectors of use

Professional uses (SU22).

Consumer uses (SU21).

Uses advised against:

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use (industrial, professional or consumer) other than those previously listed as 'Intended or identified uses'.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Not restricted.

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATASHEET:

ARTIC INDUSTRIAL QUÍMICA, S.A.

Ctra. de Gerb, 51-73 - 25600 - BALAGUER (Lleida) Phone: (+34) 902 431250 - Fax: (+34) 973 445045

E-mail address of the person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet:

info@articsa.net

1.4 <u>EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:</u> (+34) 973 450717 (9:00-13:00 / 15:00-18:00 h.) (working hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Classification of mixtures is carried out in accordance with the following principles: a) when data (tests) for the classification of mixtures are available, generally is carried out based on these data, b) in the absence of data (tests) for mixtures are generally used interpolation or extrapolation methods of assessing the risk, using the available data for mixtures similarly classified, and c) in the absence of tests and information which would allow to apply interpolation or extrapolation techniques, methods are used to classify risk assessment based on the data of the individual components in the mixture.

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/217 (CLP):

DANGER: Skin Corr. 1B:H314 | Eye Dam. 1:H318 | Aquatic Acute 1:H400 | Aquatic Chronic 2:H411

Danger class	Classification of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Target organs	Effects
Physicochemical: Not classified Human health: Environment:	Skin Corr. 1B:H314 c) Eye Dam. 1:H318 c) Aquatic Acute 1:H400 c) Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 c)	Cat.1B Cat.1 Cat.1 Cat.2	Skin Eyes - -	Skin Eyes -	Burns Serious lesions - -

Full text of hazard statements mentioned is indicated in section 16.

Note: When in section 3 a range of percentages is used, the health and environmental hazards describe the effects of the highest concentration of each component, but below the maximum value.

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS:



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008-2020/217 (CLP)

Hazard statements:

H314 H400 H411

Precautionary statements:

P101

P101 P102-P405

P103

P280F

P363 P301+P330+P331-P310 P303+P361+P353-P352-P312

P305+P351+P338-P310

P273-P391-P501a

Supplementary statements:

EUD011

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children. Store locked up.

Read label before use.

Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Rémove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

regulations.

Contains phosphates < 5 %, amphoteric surfactants < 5 %, EDTA and salts thereof < 5 %. Do not swallow.

Autoclassified

Autoclassified

<REACH



SANEARTS



Revision: 09/03/2021

ubstances that contribute to classification:

C12-C14-alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride

Cocoamidopropylbetaine

OTHER HAZARDS: 2.3

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

Other physicochemical hazards: Vapours may form with air a mixture potentially flammable or explosive.

Other adverse human health effects: Prolonged exposure to vapours may produce transient drowsiness. Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.

Other negative environmental effects: Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCES

Not applicable (mixture).

3.2 **MIXTURES**:

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description

Solution of c12-c14-alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride in aqueous media.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

5<10% **(*)** (!) (**(***) C12-C14-alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride

CAS: 85409-22-9, EC: 287-089-1 CLP: Danger: Acute Tox. (oral) 4:H302 | Skin Corr. 1B:H314 | Eye Dam. 1:H318 | Aquatic Acute 1:H400 (M=10) | Aquatic Chronic 1:H410 (M=1)

2,5 < 5 % 1-propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl, N-coco acyl derivs CAS: 61789-40-0, EC: 263-058-8

() CLP: Danger: Eye Dam. 1:H318

2,5 < 5 % Isopropyl alcohol

CAS: 67-63-0, EC: 200-661-7 **(3) (!)**

CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336

REACH: 01-2119457558-25 Index No. 603-117-00-0 <REACH / ATP01

Does not contain other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Stabilizers:

None

Reference to other sections:

For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 25/06/2020.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None

PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TO XIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.





Revision: 09/03/2021

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES:



In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguards should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
nhalation:	# Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness. Inhalation produces burning sensation, coughing, breathlessness and sore throat.	Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at rest until medical attention arrives.
Skin:	# Skin contact causes redness, burns and pain. Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.	Remove immediately contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
Eyes:	# Contact with the eyes produces redness, pain, serious burns and loss of vision.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, until the irritation is reduced. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion:	# If swallowed, causes severe burns on the lips, mouth, throat and oesophagus, with gastric disorders and abdominal pain.	# If swallowed, seek immediate medical attention. Drink large quantities of water. Do not induce vomiting, due to the risk of perforation. Keep the patient at rest.

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED:

The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11.1

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Notes to physician: Damage caused by detergents and tensioactives to intestinal mucus is irreversible. Do not induce vomiting. Pump out stomach prior to the addition of dimeticone (antifrothing agent).

Antidotes and contraindications: Specific antidote not known.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam and water spray/mist. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Combustible liquid. As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, phosphorus oxides, halogenated compounds, hydrochloric acid. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 <u>ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:</u>

Special protective equipment: Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Other recommendations: Cool with water the tanks, cistems or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction.

6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Keep the remains in a closed container.

6.4 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1.

For information on safe handling, see section 7.

For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.





Revision: 09/03/2021

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: 7.1

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

General recommendation

Use in areas free from sources of ignition and away from heat or electrical sources. Do not smoke. Handle with care, avoiding any discharge. Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed.

Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks

Vapours are heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to reach distant ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Switch mobile phones off and do not smoke. No tools with a potential for sparks should be used.

Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Pay special attention to the cleaning water. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING AN YINCOMPATIBILITIES

Keep locked up. Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. In order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. Due to its corrosive properties, extreme precaution in the selection of materials for pumps, packages and lines should be taken. The floor must be waterproof and corrosion resistant, with a canal system allowing the liquid to be channelled towards a neutralising pit. The electrical equipment must be made of non-corrodible materials. For more information, see section 10.

Class of storage # According to current legislation.

Maximum storage period 24. months

Temperature interval Incompatible materia min: 5. °C, max: 40. °C (recommended).

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

According to current legislation.

imit quantity (Seveso III): # Directive 2012/18/EU:

Not applicable (product for non industrial use).

7.3 SPECIFIC END USES

For the use of this product particular recommendations apart from that already indicated are not available.





Revision: 09/03/2021

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV)

AGCIH 2019	<u>Year</u>	TLV-TWA		TLV-STEL		<u>Remarks</u>
Isopropyl alcohol	2001	ppm 200.	mg/m3 491.	ppm 400.	mg/m3 982.	A4 , BEI

TLV - Threshold Limit Value, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

A4 - Non classified as carcinogenic in humans.

BEI - Biological exposure index (biological monitoring).

BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

Biological monitoring can be a very useful complementary technique to air monitoring when air sampling techniques alone may not give a reliable indication of exposure. Biological monitoring is the measurement and assessment of hazardous substances or their metabolites in tissues, secretions, excreta or expired air, or any combination of these, in exposed workers. Measurements reflect absorption of a substance by all routes. Biological monitoring may be particularly useful in circumstances where there is likely to be significant skin absorption and/or gastrointestinal tract uptake following ingestion, where control of exposure depends on respiratory protective equipment, where there is a reasonably well-defined relationship between biological monitoring and effect, or where it gives information on accumulated dose and target organ body burden which is related to toxicity.

This preparation contains the following substances that have established a biological limit value:

- 2-propanol (2005): Biological determinant: acetone in urine, BEI: 40 mg/l, Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek (4), Notation: (B) (Ns).

(4) The value refers to the difference of the results of the samples taken at the end and at the beginning of the working day.

(B) Background. The determinant may be present in biological specimens collected from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect interpretation of the result. Such background concentrations are incorporated in

(Ns) Non-specific. The determinant is non-specific, since it is also observed after exposure to other chemicals.

DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

Derived no-effect level, workers: - Systemic effects, acute and chronic: Isopropyl alcohol	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 - (a)	500. (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d - (a) 888. (d	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d - (a)	- (c)
Derived no-effect level, workers: - Local effects, acute and chronic: Isopropyl alcohol	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 - (a)	- (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2 - (a) - (c)	DNEL Eyes mg/cm2 - (a)	- (c)
Derived no-effect level, general population: - Systemic effects, acute and chronic: Isopropyl alcohol	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 - (a)	89.0 (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d - (a) 319. (d	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d - (a)	26.0 (c)
Derived no-effect level, general population: - Local effects, acute and chronic: Isopropyl alcohol	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 - (a)	- (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2 - (a) - (c)	DNEL Eyes mg/cm2 - (a)	- (c)

(a) - Acute, short-term exposure, (c) - Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.

(-) - DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).





Revision: 09/03/2021

PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

Predicted no-effect concentration, aquatic organisms: - Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release: Isopropyl alcohol	PNEC Fresh water mg/l 141.	PNEC Marine mg/l 141.	PNEC Intermittent mg/l 141.
- Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: Isopropyl alcohol	PNEC STP mg/l 2251.	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d 552.	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d 552.
Predicted no-effect concentration, terrestrial organisms: - Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: Isopropyl alcohol	PNEC Air mg/m3	PNEC Soil mg/kg dw/d 28.0	PNEC Oral mg/kg dw/d 160.

(-) - PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).

EXPOSURE CONTROLS: 8.2

ENGINEERING MEASURES:





Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protection of respiratory system: Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

Protection of eyes and face: Install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

Protection of hands and skin: Install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Regulation (EU) No. 2016/425:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc...), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

Mas	k:
	1007
	ā.



A-type filter mask (brown) for gases and vapours of organic compounds with a boiling point higher than 65°C (EN14387). Class 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Class 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Class 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume. In presence of high concentrations of vapour, use independent breathing apparatus.







Safety goggles for chemicals, with suitable lateral protection (EN166). Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.

Face shield:

Face shield against liquid splashes (EN166), advisable when there is a risk of spillage, diffusion or atomization of the liquid.

Gloves:



Neoprene rubber gloves (EN374). When repeated or prolonged contact with the product is expected, gloves of protection level 5 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time of \$240 min. When short contact with the product is expected, use gloves with a protection level 2 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time >30 min. The breakthrough time of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the pretended period of use. There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation

Boots:

Neoprene rubber boots (EN347).









Nο





Clothing resistant to corrosive products will have to be worn.

Thermal hazards

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

Spills on the soil: Prevent contamination of soil.

Spils in water: # Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

This product does not contain any substance included in the list of priority substances in the field of water policy under Directive 2000/60/EC~2013/39/EU.





Revision: 09/03/2021

Emissions to the atmosphere: Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

VOC (industrial installations): # If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 2010/75/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: Solvents: 3.3% Weight, VOC (supply): 3.3%

	Weight, VOC: 2.0% C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average):					ффу): «.Э/0
SECTIO	N 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES					
9.1	INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: Appearance - Physical state - Colour - Odour - Odour - Odour - DH-value - pH Change of state - Initial boiling point Density - Relative density Stability - Decomposition temperature Viscosity: - Dynamic viscosity - Kinematic viscosity - Kinematic viscosity - Viscosity (flow time)		Liquid. Colourless. Characteristic. # Not available	82.3* 1. 34. 12.	at 23°C °C at 760 mmHg at 20/4°C cps 23°C mm2/s at 40°C sec.FC4 23°C	Relative water
	Volatility: Evaporation rate Vapour pressure Vapour pressure Solubility (les) Solubility in water: Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Flammability: Flash point Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Autoignition temperature Explosive properties: Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode Oxidizing properties: Not classified as oxidizing product. *Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture.	: : : : :	# 2.2* - Not applicable	17.7* 12.4* (mixture) es not s 12.0* (do not s	sustain combustion). % Volume 25°C sustain combustion).	Relative
9.2	OTHER INFORMATION: - Solids - VOC (supply) - VOC (supply) The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The dat data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical propertie			3.3 33.0 ications	can be found in the correspond	ding technical
SECTIO	N 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY					
10.1	REACTIVITY: Corrosivity to metals: # Not available. Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.					
10.2	CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.					
10.3	POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Possible dangerous reaction with reducing agents, oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis	S.				
10.4	CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Heat: Keep away from sources of heat					

10.1	REACTIVITY: Corrosivity to metals: # Not available. Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.
10.2	CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.
10.3	POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Possible dangerous reaction with reducing agents, oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.
10.4	CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Heat: Keep away from sources of heat. Light: If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Air. # The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open. Pressure: # Not relevant. Shock: # The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to avoid dents

10.5 **INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:**

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

10.6 **HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:**

As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: nitrogen oxides, hydrochloric acid, halogenated compounds, phosphorus

and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations.





Revision: 09/03/2021

SECTION 11: TO XI COLOGIC AL INFORMATION

No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008–2020/217 (CLP).

11.1 <u>INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:</u>

ACUTE TOXICITY:

Dose and lethal concentrations for individual ingredients: C12-C14-alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride Cocoamidopropylbetaine Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 (OECD 401) mg/kg bw oral > 400. Rat 2335. Rat 5045. Rat	LD50 (OECD 402) mg/kg bw cutaneous 3412. Rabbit > 2000. Rat 12800. Rabbit	LC50 (OECD 403) mg/m3·4h inhalation > 0.320 Rat > 72600. Rat
Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE) for individual ingredients: C12-C14-alkylbenzyldmethylammonium chloride	ATE mg/kg bw oral > 400.	ATE mg/kg bw cutaneous	ATE mg/m3·4h inhalation

- (*) Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed to be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.
- (-) The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure route are ignored.

No observed adverse effect level

Not available

Lowest observed adverse effect level

Not available

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Acute toxicity:

Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Inhalation: Not classified	ATE > 20000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
Skin: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
Eyes: Not classified	Not available	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	GHS/CLP 1.2.5.
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.

GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or initant by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Skin	Cat.1B	CORROSIVE: Causes severe skin burns.	GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
Serious eye damage/imitation:	Eyes	Cat.1	DAMAGE: Causes serious eye damage.	GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product hazardous by aspiration (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.





Revision: 09/03/2021

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Not classified as a dangerous product for target organs (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

CMR EFFECTS:

Carcinogenic effects: It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity: It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction: Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

Effects via lactation: Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELLAS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TER M EXPOSUR E

Routes of exposure: May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: # Causes burns to the skin or eyes by direct contact or to the digestive tract if swallowed. The mists of fine particles are skin and respiratory tract initiants. Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system initiation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause initiation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause initiation of the throat and other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours.

Long-term or repeated exposure: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:

<u>Dermal absorption:</u> Not available. Basic toxicokinetics: Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Causes burns to the skin or eyes by direct contact or to the digestive tract if swallowed. The mists of fine particles are skin and respiratory tract imitants.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/217 (CLP).

12.1 TOXICITY:

Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients: C12-C14-alkybenzyldimethylammonium chloride Cocoamidopropylbetaine Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 (OECD 203) mg/l-96hours 0.51 Fishes > 15. Fishes 9640. Fishes	EC50 (OECD 202) mg/l·48hours 0.016 Daphnia > 20. Daphnia 13300. Daphnia	EC50 (OECD 201) mg/l-72hours 0.030 Algae 334. Algae > 1000. Algae
	mg/l·28days	NOEC (OECD 211) mg/l·21days	NOEC (OECD 201) mg/l-72hours
C12-C14-alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride	0.032 Fishes	0.025 Daphnia	0.0090 Algae

Lowest observed effect concentration

Not available

ASSESSMENT OF AQUIATIC TOXICITY:

TOOLEGATION OF TOWART.				
	Aquatic toxicity	Cat.	Main hazards to the aquatic environment	Criteria
	Acute aquatic toxicity:	Cat.1	VERY TOXIC: Very toxic to aquatic life.	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3.
	Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Cat.2	TOXIC: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3: Classification of a mixture for acute hazards, based on summation of classified components.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4: Classification of a mixture for chronic (long term) hazards, based on summation of classified components.

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

Biodegradability:

The surfactants contained in this preparation comply with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation 648/2004/EC on detergents: Ultimate aerobic biodegradation > 60% within 28 days. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

Aerobic biodegradation	DQO	%DBO/DQO	<u>Biodegradability</u>
for individual ingredients:	mgO2/g	5 days 14 days 28 days	
C12-C14-alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride		11. 70. 89.	Easy
Cocoamidopropylbetaine			Easy
Isopropyl alcohol	2396.		Easy

Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources.







Code: 06093M

12.3	BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:
	Not available

<u>Bioaccumulation</u>	log Pow	BCF	Potential
for individual ingredients:		L/kg	
C12-C14-alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride	2.75	68. (calculated)	Unlikely, low
Cocoamidopropylbetaine	0.690	71. (calculated)	Unlikely, low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.0500	3.2 (calculated)	No bioaccumulable

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL:

Not available.

Mobility for individual ingredients:		Constant of Henry Pa·m3/mol 20°C	Potential	
C12-C14-alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride	6.43		Unlikely, low	
Cocoamidopropylbetaine	0.420		Unlikely, low	
Isopropyl alcohol	0.540		No bioaccumulable	

12.5 RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVBASSESMENT: Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

12.6 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

Ozone depletion potential: Not available.

Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not available. Earth global warming potential: Not available.

Endocrine disrupting potential: Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: # Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014: 13.1

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU: Disposal of empty containers:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

Authorised landfill in accordance with local regulations.





Revision: 09/03/2021

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 <u>UN NUMBER:</u> 3082

14.2 UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SU BSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains c12-c14-alkybenzyldimethylammonium chloride, in solution)

14.3 TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES):

Transport by road (ADR 2019) and Transport by rail (RID 2019):

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Classification code: M6
Tunnel restriction code: (-)

Transport category:
 Limited quantities:
 Transport document:
 Transport document:
 Transport document:

ADR 5.4.3.4

Transport by sea (IMDG 39-18):

- Instructions in writing:

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Emergency Sheet (EmS): F-A,S-F
First Aid Guide (MFAG): Marine pollutant: Yes.

- Transport document: Shipping Bill of lading.

Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2020):

- Class: 9
- Packing group: III

- Transport document: Air Bill of lading.

Transport by inland waterways (ADN):

Not available.

14.4 PACKING GROUP: See section 14.3

14.5 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Classified as hazardous for the environment.

14.6 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

14.7 TRANSPORT IN BULKACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL73/78 AND THE IBC CODE: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 EU SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC:

The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use: See section 1.2

<u>Tactile warning of danger.</u> If the product is intended for the general public, is mandatory a tactile warning of danger. The tec mical specific ations for tactile warning devices shall conform with EN ISO standard 11683 relating to 'Packaging - Tactile warnings of danger - Requirements.'

Child safety protection: If the product is intended for the general public, is required a child-resistant fastening. Child-proof fastenings used on reclosable packages shall comply with ISO standard 8317 relating to 'Child resistant packages - Requirements and methods of testing for reclosable packages.' Child-proof fastenings used on non-reclosable packages shall comply with CEN standard EN 862, relating to 'Packaging - Child-resistant packaging - Requirements and testing procedures for non-reclosable packages for non-pharmaceutical products.'

Specific legislation on detergents:

It is applicable the Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004-907/2006 on detergents. Contains phosphates < 5 %, amphoteric surfactants < 5 %, EDTA and salts thereof < 5 %. Do not swallow.

OTHER REGULATIONS:

Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III): See section 7.2

Other local legislations:

The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.

15.2 <u>CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT:</u>

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.





Revision: 09/03/2021

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

TEXT OF THE PHRASESAND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3: Hazard statements according the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2020/217 (CLP), Annex III:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EVALUATION OF THE INFORMATION ON THE DANGER OF MIXTURES: See sections 9.1, 11.1 and 12.1.

ADVICES ON ANYTRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.

MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- · Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
- · Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2018).
- · European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2019).
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 39-18 (IMO, 2018).

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACR ONYMS:

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:

- · REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- · CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- · ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- · UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials.
- · SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- · PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- · vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- · VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- · PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- · LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.
- · UN: United Nations Organisation.
- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- · RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- · IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- · IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- · ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830.

 HISTORIC:
 Revision:

 Version:
 4

 31/08/2015

 Version:
 5

 09/03/2021

Changes since previous Safety Data Sheet:

Legislative, contextual, numerical, methodological and normative changes since the previous version of the present Safety Data Sheet are identified by a rechialc hash (#).

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users' working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.