



ARTILAC AO BLANCO

Code : 02117MARBL



Version: 6

Revision: 28/10/2025

Previous revision: 18/10/2024

Date of printing: 28/10/2025

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:

ARTILAC AO BLANCO
Code : 02117MARBL UFI: 05C0-40E3-P008-25XV

1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST:

Intended uses (main technical functions): Industrial Professional Consumers

Synthetic enamel

Sectors of use:

Consumer uses (SU21).

Uses advised against:

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use (industrial, professional or consumer) other than those previously listed as "Intended or identified uses".

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Not restricted.

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET:

ARTIC INDUSTRIAL QUIMICA S.A.
Ctra. de Gerb, 51-73 - 25600 BALAGUER (Lleida) ESPAÑA
Phone number: (+34) 973450717 - www.articsa.net

- E-mail address of the person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet:

info@articsa.net

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

(+34) 973450717 7:00-14:00 h.



National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) - In England, Wales or Scotland: dial 111 - In N Ireland: contact your local GP or pharmacist during normal hours.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Classification of mixtures is carried out in accordance with the following principles: a) when data (tests) for the classification of mixtures are available, generally is carried out based on these data, b) in the absence of data (tests) for mixtures are generally used interpolation or extrapolation methods of assessing the risk, using the available data for mixtures similarly classified, and c) in the absence of tests and information which would allow to apply interpolation or extrapolation techniques, methods are used to classify risk assessment based on the data of the individual components in the mixture.

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2024/197 (CLP):

DANGER:Flam. Liq. 3:H226|STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336|STOT RE 1:H372|Aquatic Chronic 2:H411|EUH066

Danger class	Classification of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Target organs	Effects
Physicochemical:	Flam. Liq. 3:H226c)	Cat.3	-	-	-
Human health:	STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336c)	Cat.3	Inhalation	CNS	Narcosis
	STOT RE 1:H372c) EUH066c)	Cat.1	Inhalation Skin	Systemic Skin	Damage Dryness, Cracking
Environment:	Aquatic Chronic 2:H411c)	Cat.2	-	-	-

Full text of hazard statements mentioned is indicated in section 16.

Note: When in section 3 a range of percentages is used, the health and environmental hazards describe the effects of the highest concentration of each component, but below the maximum value.

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS:



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2024/197 (CLP).

- Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
P301+P310-P331 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P304+P340-P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.



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P273-P391-P501 Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

- Supplementary statements:

- Substances that contribute to classification:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics

2.3

OTHER HAZARDS:

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

- Other physicochemical hazards:

Vapours may form with air a mixture potentially flammable or explosive.

- Other adverse human health effects:

No other relevant adverse effects are known.

- Other negative environmental effects:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

Endocrine disrupting properties:

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1

SUBSTANCES:

Not applicable (mixture).

3.2

MIXTURES:

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description:

Mixture of pigments, resins and additives in organic solvents.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

10 < C < 15 % 	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) CAS: 64742-82-1, EC: 919-446-0, REACH: 01-2119458049-33 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 STOT RE 1:H372 Asp. Tox. 1:H304 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 EUH066	REACH
5 < C < 10 % 	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy CAS: 64742-48-9, EC: 265-150-3, REACH: 01-2119486659-16 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 Asp. Tox. 1:H304 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 EUH066 (Note P)	REACH
5 < C < 10 % 	Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics CAS: 64742-95-6, EC: 918-668-5, REACH: 01-2119455851-35 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 Asp. Tox. 1:H304 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 EUH066	REACH
1 < C < 2 % 	Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) CAS: 7779-90-0, EC: 231-944-3, REACH: 01-2119485044-40 CLP: Warning: Aquatic Acute 1:H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1:H410 (M=1)	CLP00
C < 1 % 	Zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2, EC: 215-222-5, REACH: 01-2119463881-32 CLP: Warning: Aquatic Acute 1:H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1:H410 (M=1)	CLP00

Impurities:

Content of benzene < 0.1%.

Stabilizers:

None.

Reference to other sections:

For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 25/06/2025.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None.

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None.

PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

POP substances included in the (EU) REGULATION 2019/1021~2020/784 on persistent organic pollutants:

None.

Nanoforms characteristics:

Zinc oxide, CAS: 1314-13-2, EC: 215-222-5

CHARACTERISTICS	VALUE	UNIT
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Number based particle size distribution (d10)	Not available	nm
Number based particle size distribution (d50)	Not available	nm
Number based particle size distribution (d90)	Not available	nm
Shape and aspect ratio of particles	Not available	
Cristallinity	Not available	
Surface functionalisation/treatment (agent(s) and process)	Not available	
Specific surface area	Not available	m2/g
Method of calculation	Not available	
Additional information:	No additional information available.	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES:



Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguards should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
Inhalation: 	Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness.	Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at rest until medical attention arrives.
Skin:	Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.	Remove immediately contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser.
Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, until the irritation is reduced. If irritation persists, consult a physician.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.	If swallowed, seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting, due to the risk of aspiration. Keep the patient at rest.

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED:

The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11.1

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Notes to physician:

Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient..

Antidotes and contraindications:

Specific antidote not known.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam and water spray/mist. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

Special protective equipment:

Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Other recommendations:

Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.



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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1	<u>PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:</u> Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction.
6.2	<u>ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:</u> Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3	<u>METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:</u> Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Clean preferably with a biodegradable detergent. Keep the remains in a closed container.
6.4	<u>REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:</u> For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1	<u>PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:</u> Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work. <u>- General recommendations:</u> Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed. <u>- Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:</u> Vapours are heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to reach distant ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Switch mobile phones off and do not smoke. No tools with a potential for sparks should be used. Flashpoint 39* °C (Pensky-Martens) CLP 2.6.4.3. Autoignition temperature: Not applicable. <u>- Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:</u> Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. <u>- Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:</u> Avoid any spillage in the environment. Pay special attention to the cleaning water. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.
7.2	<u>CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:</u> Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions. In order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. For more information, see section 10. <u>- Class of store:</u> According to current legislation. <u>- Maximum storage period:</u> 6 Months. <u>- Temperature interval:</u> min:5 °C, max:40 °C (recommended). <u>- Incompatible materials:</u> Keep away from acids, alkalis, oxidizing agents. <u>- Type of packaging:</u> According to current legislation. <u>- Limit quantity (Seveso III): Directive 2012/18/EU:</u> Not applicable (product for non industrial use).
7.3	<u>SPECIFIC END USE(S):</u> For the use of this product particular recommendations apart from that already indicated are not available.



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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

- OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (WEL)

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom) 2018	Year	WEL-TWA		WEL-STEL		Remarks
		ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	100	-	-	-	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	100	525	-	-	Recommended
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	-	50	290	-	-	Recommended
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1996	-	10	-	-	
Zinc oxide	2003	-	2	-	10	Breathable dust

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit, TWA - Time Weighted Average (8 hours), STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min).

- BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

Biological monitoring can be a very useful complementary technique to air monitoring when air sampling techniques alone may not give a reliable indication of exposure. Biological monitoring is the measurement and assessment of hazardous substances or their metabolites in tissues, secretions, excreta or expired air, or any combination of these, in exposed workers. Measurements reflect absorption of a substance by all routes. Biological monitoring may be particularly useful in circumstances where there is likely to be significant skin absorption and/or gastrointestinal tract uptake following ingestion, where control of exposure depends on respiratory protective equipment, where there is a reasonably well-defined relationship between biological monitoring and effect, or where it gives information on accumulated dose and target organ body burden which is related to toxicity.

This preparation contains the following substances that have established a biological limit value:

-
-
-

- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from an occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, WORKERS:- Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m ³	DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	- (a) 150 (c)	- (a) 25 (c)	- (a) - (c)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	570 (a) 330 (c)	s/r (a) 21 (c)	- (a) - (c)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
Zinc oxide	s/r (a) 5 (c)	s/r (a) 83 (c)	- (a) - (c)
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	s/r (a) 5 (c)	s/r (a) 83 (c)	- (a) - (c)
- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, WORKERS:- Local effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m ³	DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm ²	DNEL Eyes mg/cm ²
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) - (c)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
Zinc oxide	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	- (a) - (c)
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) - (c)
- DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL, GENERAL POPULATION:- Systemic effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m ³	DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	DNEL Eyes mg/kg bw/d
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	- (a) 32 (c)	- (a) 11 (c)	- (a) 11 (c)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	570 (a) 71 (c)	s/r (a) 12 (c)	s/r (a) 21 (c)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
Zinc oxide	s/r (a) 2,5 (c)	s/r (a) 83 (c)	s/r (a) 0, 83 (c)
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	s/r (a) 2,5 (c)	s/r (a) 83 (c)	s/r (a) 0, 83 (c)
- LOCAL EFFECTS, ACUTE AND CHRONIC:- Local effects, acute and chronic:	DNEL Inhalation mg/m ³	DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm ²	DNEL Eyes mg/cm ²
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) - (c)



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aromatics (2-25%)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Zinc oxide	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	- (a)	- (c)
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	s/r (c)	s/r (a)	- (c)

(a) - Acute, short-term exposure, (c) - Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.

(-) - DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).

s/r - DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).

- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION, AQUATIC ORGANISMS:- Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release:	PNEC Fresh water mg/l	PNEC Marine mg/l	PNEC Intermittent mg/l
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	-7	-7	-7
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-7	-7	-7
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-7	-7	-7
Zinc oxide	0.0206	0.0061	-
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.0206	0.0061	-

- WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS (STP) AND SEDIMENTS IN FRESH- AND MARINE WATER:	PNEC STP mg/l	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	-7	-7	-7
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-7	-7	-7
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-7	-7	-7
Zinc oxide	0.1	117.8	56.5
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.1	117.8	56.5

- PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION, TERRESTRIAL ORGANISMS:- Air, soil and effects for predators and humans:	PNEC Air mg/m3	PNEC Soil mg/kg dw/d	PNEC Oral mg/kg dw/d
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	-7	-7	-7
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-7	-7	-7
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-7	-7	-7
Zinc oxide	-	35.6	n/b
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	35.6	n/b

(-) - PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).

n/b - PNEC not derived (not bioaccumulative potential).

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS:**APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES, SUCH AS PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**- Protection of respiratory system:**

Avoid the inhalation of vapours. Avoid the inhalation of dust.

- Protection of eyes and face:

It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

- Protection of hands and skin:

It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Occupational exposure controls: Regulation (EU) No. 2016/425:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc.), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

Mask: 	A-type filter mask (brown) for gases and vapours of organic compounds with a boiling point higher than 65°C (EN14387). Class 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Class 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Class 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume. In presence of high concentrations of vapour, use independent breathing apparatus.
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Safety goggles: 	✓ Safety goggles designed to protect against liquid splashes, with suitable lateral protection (EN166). Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
Face shield:	No.
Gloves: 	✓ Gloves resistant against chemicals (EN374). When repeated or prolonged contact with the product is expected, gloves of protection level 5 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time of >240 min. When short contact with the product is expected, use gloves with a protection level 2 or higher should be used, with a breakthrough time >30 min. The breakthrough time of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the pretended period of use. There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.
Boots:	No.
Apron:	No.
Clothing:	Advisable.

- Thermal hazards:

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

- Spills on the soil:

Prevent contamination of soil.

- Spills in water:

Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

-Water Management Act:

This product does not contain any substance included in the list of priority substances in the field of water policy under Directive 2000/60/EC~2013/39/EU.

- Emissions to the atmosphere:

Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

VOC (product ready for use*):

It is applicable the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents: PAINTS AND VARNISHES (defined in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory i) One-pack performance coating, solvent-borne. VOC (product ready for use*): (ARTILAC AO BLANCO Cod. 02117MARBL = 100 in volume): 382 g/l* (VOC max.500 g/l* starting from 01.01.2010)

VOC (industrial installations):

If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 2010/75/CE (DL.127/2013, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: Solvents: 26,67 % Weight, VOC (supply): 27,07 % Weight, VOC: 22,94 % C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average): 139,68 , Number C atoms (average): 9,86



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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1

INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:Appearance

Physical state: Liquid
 Colour: # See the colour in the package
 Odour: Characteristic
 Odour threshold: Not available (mixture).

Change of state

Freezing point: Not available (mixture).
 Boiling interval: 100* - 151* °C at 760 mmHg

- Flammability:

Flashpoint 39* °C (Pensky-Martens) CLP 2.6.4.3.
 Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits: Not available.
 Autoignition temperature: Not applicable.

Stability

Decomposition temperature: Not available (technical impossibility to obtain the data).

pH-value

pH: Not applicable (non-aqueous media).

- Viscosity:

Dynamic viscosity: # 1500 ± 500 cps at 20°C
 Kinematic viscosity: # 364,31* mm²/s at 40°C

- Solubility(ies):

Solubility in water Not available
 Liposolubility: Not applicable (inorganic product).
 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable (mixture).

- Volatility:

Vapour pressure: # 9,8889* mmHg at 20°C
 Vapour pressure: # 7,5455* kPa at 50°C
 Evaporation rate: Not available (lack of data).

Density

Relative density: # 1,411* at 20/4°C Relative water
 Relative vapour density: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Particle size: Not applicable.

- Explosive properties:

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source.

- Oxidizing properties:

Not classified as oxidizing product.

*Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture.

9.2

OTHER INFORMATION:Information regarding physical hazard classes

Flammable liquids: Combustibility: Theoretical.

Other security features:

Heat of combustion: # 4714 Kcal/kg
 VOC (supply): # 27,1 % Weight
 VOC (supply): # 382,0 g/l
 Nonvolatile: # 72,33 * % Weight 1h. 60°C

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.



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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1	<p>REACTIVITY:</p> <p>- Corrosivity to metals: It is not corrosive to metals.</p> <p>- Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.</p>
10.2	<p>CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.</p>
10.3	<p>POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Possible dangerous reaction with acids, alkalis, oxidizing agents.</p>
10.4	<p>CONDITIONS TO AVOID:</p> <p>- Heat: Keep away from heat.</p> <p>- Light: If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.</p> <p>- Air: The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.</p> <p>- Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions.</p> <p>- Pressure: Not relevant.</p> <p>- Shock: The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to avoid dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations.</p>
10.5	<p>INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Keep away from acids, alkalis, oxidizing agents.</p>
10.6	<p>HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide.</p>

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2024/197 (CLP).				
11.1	INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 :			
	ACUTE TOXICITY:			
	Dose and lethal concentrations for individual ingredients:	DL50 (OECD401) mg/kg bw Oral	DL50 (OECD402) mg/kg bw Cutaneous	CL50 (OECD403) mg/m ³ ·4h Inhalation
	Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	3592 Rat	3160 Rabbit	> 6193 Rat
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	> 5000 Rat	> 2000 Rabbit	> 13100 Rat
	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	> 5000 Rat	> 2000 Rabbit	> 7630 Rat
	Zinc oxide	> 5000 Rat		> 5700 Rat
	Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	> 5000 Rat		> 5410 Rat
	Estimates of acute toxicity (ATE) for individual ingredients:	ATE mg/kg bw Oral	ATE mg/kg bw Cutaneous	ATE mg/m ³ ·4h Inhalation
	Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	-	-	-
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	-	-
	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	-	-
	Zinc oxide	-	-	5700
	Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	-	5410
(*) - Point estimates of acute toxicity corresponding to the classification category (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). These values are designed to be used in the calculation of the ATE for classification of a mixture based on its components and do not represent test results.				
(-) - The components that are assumed to have no acute toxicity at the upper threshold of category 4 for the corresponding exposure route are ignored.				
- No observed adverse effect level Not available				
- Lowest observed adverse effect level Not available				
INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: ACUTE TOXICITY:				
	Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
	Inhalation:	ATE > 20000 mg/m ³	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
	Not classified			GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.



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Skin: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
Eyes: Not classified	Not available.	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	GHS/CLP 1.2.5.
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg bw	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.

GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION :

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
- Serious eye damage/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant in contact with eyes (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
- Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
- Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

- ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product hazardous by aspiration (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
- Systemic:	RE 	Systemic 	Cat.1	TOXIC: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4
- Cutaneous:	RE	Skin 	-	DEFATTENING: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	GHS/CLP 1.2.4.
- Neurological:	SE 	CNS 	Cat.3	NARCOSIS: May cause drowsiness or dizziness if inhaled.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4.

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CMR EFFECTS:**- Carcinogenic effects:**

It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

- Genotoxicity:

It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

- Toxicity for reproduction:

Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

- Effects via lactation:

Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.



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DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE:Routes of exposure

May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

- Short-term exposure:

Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat; other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- Long-term or repeated exposure:

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOKINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:- Dermal absorption:

This preparation contains the following substances for which dermal absorption can be very high: Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%).

- Basic toxicokinetics:

Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Not available.

11.2 INFORMATION ON OTHER HAZARDS:Endocrine disrupting properties:

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.

Other information:

No additional information available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2024/197 (CLP).

12.1 TOXICITY:

- Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients	CL50 (OECD 203) mg/l-96hours	CE50 (OECD 202) mg/l-48hours	CE50 (OECD 201) mg/l-72hours
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	9.2 - Fishes	3.2 - Daphniae	2.9 - Algae
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	10 - Fishes	10 - Daphniae	4.6 - Algae
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	8.2 - Fishes	4.5 - Daphniae	3.1 - Algae
Zinc oxide	1.8 - Fishes	1.7 - Daphniae	0.17 - Algae
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.27 - Fishes	0.14 - Daphniae	0.26 - Algae

- No observed effect concentration

Not available

- Lowest observed effect concentration

Not available

ASSESSMENT OF AQUATIC TOXICITY:

Aquatic toxicity	Cat.	Main hazards to the aquatic environment	Criteria
- Acute aquatic toxicity: Not classified	-	Not classified as a hazardous product with acute toxicity to aquatic life (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3.
- Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Cat.2	TOXIC: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3: Classification of a mixture for acute hazards, based on summation of classified components.

CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4: Classification of a mixture for chronic (long term) hazards, based on summation of classified components.

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:- Biodegradability:

Not available.

Aerobic biodegradation for individual ingredients	COD mgO2/g	%DBO/DQO 5 days 14 days 28 days	Biodegradabilidad
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	3195	4,3 - -	Easy



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Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	-	-	Easy
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	-	77	Easy

Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources.

- Hydrolysis:

Not available.

- Photodegradability:

Not available.

12.3 BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

Not available.

Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients	logPow	BCF L/kg	Potential
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	3.3	69.9 (calculated)	Low
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	5.65	100 (calculated)	Low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	5.65	100 (calculated)	Low
Zinc oxide			No bioaccumulable
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)			Not available

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL:

Not available

Mobility for individual ingredients	log P _{oc}	Constant of Henry Pa·m ³ /mol 20°C	Potential
Hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	2,96	440 (calculated)	Low
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	4,9		Low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	4,91		Low

12.5 RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT:(Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006):

Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.

12.6 ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES:

This product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties identified or under evaluation.

12.7 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:

- Ozone depletion potential:

Does not contain substances listed in Regulation (EU) No 2024/590 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

- Photochemical ozone creation potential:

Not available.

- Earth global warming potential:

Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS:Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014:

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

LER code	Description	Type of waste
		Hazardous

Type of waste according to Regulation (EU) No. 1357/2014:

HP 3 Flammable

HP 5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration toxicity

HP 14 Ecotoxic

Disposal of empty containers:Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of emptying of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

Controlled incineration in special facilities for chemical waste, in accordance with local regulations.



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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1	<u>UN NUMBER OR ID NUMBER:</u> 1263
14.2	<u>UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:</u> PAINT
14.3	<p><u>TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES):</u> <u>Transport by road (ADR 2025) and</u> <u>Transport by rail (RID 2025):</u> Good not submitted to ADR.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Transport of viscous and environmentally dangerous liquids in packaging with a capacity not exceeding 5 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.2 (ADR).</p> <p><u>Transport by sea (IMDG 41-22):</u> Goods not submitted to IMDG.</p> <p><u>Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2024):</u> - Class: 3 - Packing group: III</p> <p><u>Transport by inland waterways (ADN):</u> Not available</p>
14.4	<u>PACKING GROUP:</u> See section 14.3
14.5	<u>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:</u> Classified as hazardous for the environment.
14.6	<u>SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:</u> Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation.
14.7	<u>MARITIME TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO IMO INSTRUMENTS:</u> Not available.



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1	<p><u>SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:</u> The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet.</p> <p><u>Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use:</u> See section 1.2</p> <p><u>Tactile warning of danger:</u> If the product is intended for the public in general, a tactile danger sign is mandatory. The technical specifications for tactile warning devices shall conform with EN ISO standard 11683 relating to 'Packaging - Tactile warnings of danger - Requirements.'</p> <p><u>Child safety protection:</u> If the product is intended for the general public, a child-resistant closure is required. Child-proof fastenings used on reclosable packages shall comply with ISO standard 8317 relating to 'Child resistant packages - Requirements and methods of testing for reclosable packages.' Child-proof fastenings used on non-reclosable packages shall comply with CEN standard EN 862, relating to 'Packaging - Child-resistant packaging - Requirements and testing procedures for non-reclosable packages for non-pharmaceutical products.'</p> <p><u>VOC information on the label:</u> Contains VOC max. 382 g/l* for the product ready for use - The limit value 2004/42/EC-IIA cat. i) One-pack performance coating, solvent-borne. is VOC max. 500 g/l (2010)</p> <p><u>OTHER REGULATIONS:</u> Not available.</p> <p><u>Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III):</u> See section 7.2</p> <p><u>Other local legislations:</u> The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.</p>
15.2	<u>CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT:</u> A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.



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SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 [TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:](#)[Hazard statements according the Regulation \(EU\) No. 1272/2008~2024/197 \(CLP\), Annex III:](#)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

[Notes related to the identification, classification and labelling of the substances or mixtures:](#)

Note P : The harmonised classification as a carcinogen or mutagen applies unless it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (Einecs No 200-753-7), in which case a classification in accordance with Title II of this Regulation shall be performed also for those hazard classes. Where the substance is not classified as a carcinogen or mutagen, at least the precautionary statements (P102-)P260-P262-P301 + P310- P331 shall apply.

[EVALUATION OF THE INFORMATION ON THE DANGER OF MIXTURES:](#)

See sections 9.1, 11.1 and 12.1.

[ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:](#)

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.

[MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:](#)

- European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, <http://echa.europa.eu/>
- Access to European Union Law, <http://eur-lex.europa.eu/>
- Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2021).
- European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2025).
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 41-22 (IMO, 2022).

[ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS:](#)

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:

- REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- CLP: European regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials.
- SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.
- UN: United Nations Organisation.
- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.
- RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by rail.
- IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

[SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:](#)

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878.

[HISTORIC: REVISION:](#)

Version: 3	10/12/2020
Version: 4	01/03/2023
Version: 5	18/10/2024
Version: 6	28/10/2025

[Changes since previous Safety Data Sheet:](#)

Legislative, contextual, numerical, methodological and normative changes since the previous version of the present Safety Data Sheet are identified by #.

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users' working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.